Amendments to the Claims

This listing will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims

Claims 1 to 38 (cancelled)

39. (New) A topical composition comprising:

crape myrtle extract in an amount effective to improve the aesthetic appearance of skin, scalp and/or hair;

at least one of the group consisting of vitamin A, vitamin C, and bioflavonoids; and

a cosmetically acceptable vehicle.

- 40. (New) The composition of claim 39, wherein the crape myrtle extract is present in from about 0.0001 to about 15 wt% based on the total weight of the composition.
- 41. (New) The composition of claim 39, wherein the crape myrtle extract is present from about 0.001 wt% to about 10 wt% based on the total weight of the composition.
- 42. (New) The composition of claim 39, wherein the crape myrtle extract is obtained from the leaf cells of *lagerstroemia* speciosa.

- 43. (New) The composition of claim 39, wherein the composition is in a product form selected from the group consisting of aerosol, cake, cream, ointment, emulsion, essence, gel, lotion, shampoos, conditioners, make-up, towelette, mask, paste, patch, pencil, serum, spray and stick.
- 44. (New) The composition of claim 39, further comprising one or more additional ingredients selected from the group consisting of anesthetics, anti-allergenics, antimicrobials, antifungals, anti-inflammatories, antiseptics, chelating agents, colorants, depigmenting agents, emollients, emulsifiers, exfollients, fragrances, humectants, insect repellents, lubricants moisturizers, pharmaceutical agents, preservatives, skin penetration enhancers, skin protectants, stabilizers, sunscreens, surfactants, thickeners, viscosity modifiers, and vitamins.
- 45. (New) The composition of claim 39, further comprising one or more sunscreens.
- 46. (New) The composition of claim 39, wherein the composition has vitamin A.
- 47. (New) The composition of claim 39, wherein the composition has vitamin C.
- 48. (New) The composition of claim 39, wherein the composition has bioflavenoids.

49. (New) A method of improving the aesthetic appearance of skin, comprising topically applying to the skin a composition having:

an effective amount of crape myrtle extract;

at least one of the group consisting of vitamin A, vitamin C, and bioflavonoids; and

a cosmetically acceptable vehicle.

- 50. (New) The method of claim 49, wherein the crape myrtle extract is applied in an amount from about 0.0001 wt% to about 15 wt% based on the total weight of the composition.
- 51. (New) The method of claim 49, wherein the crape myrtle extract is applied in an amount from about 0.001 wt% to about 10 wt% based on the total weight of the composition.
- 52. (New) The method of claim 49, wherein the composition is applied to the skin at least once daily for a period of time sufficient to improve the aesthetic appearance of skin.
- 53. (New) The method of claim 49, wherein the improvement in aesthetic appearance is selected from the group consisting of
 - a) decreasing skin fragility;
 - b) preventing and reversing deterioration of collagen and/or elastin;
 - b) preventing skin atrophy;

- c) promoting/accelerating cell turnover;
- d) improving skin firmness/plumpness;
- e) improving skin texture;
- f) decreasing fine lines and/or wrinkles;
- g) improving skin tone;
- h) enhancing skin thickness;
- i) restoring skin luster;
- j) minimizing signs of fatigue; and
- k) reducing skin dryness.
- 54. (New) The method of claim 49, wherein the composition has vitamin A.
- 55. (New) The method of claim 49, wherein the composition has vitamin C.
- 56. (New) The method of claim 49, wherein the composition has bioflavenoid.
- 57. (New) A method of preventing and/or ameliorating the effects of extrinsic and/or intrinsic aging on skin comprising topically applying to the skin a composition comprising an effective amount of crape myrtle extract; at least one of the group consisting of vitamin A, vitamin C, and bioflavonoids; and a cosmetically acceptable vehicle.
- 58. (New) The method of claim 57, wherein the effects of skin aging are selected from the group consisting of
 - a) fragile skin;
 - b) sagging skin;

- c) fine lines and/or wrinkles;
- d) thinning skin;
- e) lack-luster skin;
- f) fatigued skin; and
- g) dry skin.
- 59. (New) The method of claim 57, wherein the composition is applied to the skin at least once daily for a period of time sufficient to prevent and/or ameliorate the effects of skin aging.
- 60. (New) The method of claim 57, wherein the intrinsic aging is chronological aging.
- 61. (New) The method of claim 57, wherein the extrinsic aging is photoaging and/or the effects of pollution.
- 62. (New) The method of claim 57, wherein the composition is applied to the skin in an amount from about 0.0001 wt% to about 15 wt% of the total composition.
- 63. (New) The method of claim 57, wherein the composition is applied in an amount from about 0.001 wt% to about 10 wt% based on the total weight of the composition.
- 64. (New) A method of improving the aesthetic appearance of hair comprising applying to hair and/or composition having an effective amount of crape myrtle extract; at least one of the group consisting of vitamin A, vitamin C, and bioflavonoids; and

- a cosmetically acceptable vehicle to improve the aesthetic appearance of hair.
- 65. (New) The method of claim 64, wherein the improvement in aesthetic appearance of hair includes at least one of the following:
 - a) increasing hair thickness;
 - b) increasing rate of hair growth;
 - c) improving hair luster and shine;
 - d) improving manageability; and
 - e) overall hair health.
- 66. (New) The method of claim 64, wherein the composition has from about 0.0001 wt% to about 15 wt% of crape myrtle extract.
- 67. (New) The method of claim 64, wherein the composition is applied to the hair and/or scalp at least once per day for a period of time sufficient to improve the aesthetic appearance of the hair.
- 68. (New) The method of claim 64, wherein the composition has vitamin A.
- 69. (New) The method of claim 64, wherein the composition has vitamin C.
- 70. (New) The method of claim 64, wherein the composition has vitamin bioflavenoids.